Customs’ role in achieving Sustainable Development Goals

**1. NO POVERTY**
Revenue collection and trade facilitation functions performed by customs authorities contributes to national treasury, which finances national development plan - including poverty reduction efforts.

**2. ZERO HUNGER**

**3. GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING**

**6. CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION**

**7. AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY**

**13. CLIMATE ACTION**
Customs plays a pivotal role working with other agencies at the border to ensure goods traded meet health and safety and environmental protection regulations as well as maintaining secure and efficient supply chains for food, medical, water, and sanitation materials.

In ensuring equal access to Customs vocational training through e-learning and knowledge sharing platforms, administrations can educate staff to acquire the knowledge and skills to promote sustainable development.

**4. QUALITY EDUCATION**

**5. GENDER EQUALITY**
By facilitating trade, customs can foster increased diversity and reduced inequality by helping open up opportunities for marginalized communities, including women entrepreneurs and small traders, to access new markets while improving the conditions and ensuring safety at the border.

**8. DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH**
Through simplifying and standardizing border procedures and creating transparent and predictable conditions for trade, customs administrations facilitate legitimate business that, in turn, increases economic growth and job opportunities.

**9. INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE**
Customs can ensure timely delivery of raw materials industry to flourish, support creativity and innovation by providing IPR protection, and by collecting revenues, can support public infrastructure development especially in developing countries.

**10. REDUCED INEQUALITIES**

**11. SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES**
A modern customs administration facilitates cross-border trade while successfully combating smuggling and fraud, reducing unfair competition in local communities, protecting the society and citizens from harm, and efficiently collecting revenue for economic sustainability.

As the agency responsible for the border clearance of consumer goods, customs is well placed to ensure that counterfeit consumer goods presenting serious risks can be detected and apprehended before being released on the market in the import country.

**12. RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION**

**14. LIFE below WATER**
Through the monitoring, detection and prevention of all forms of environmental crime, including violations of environmental standards and illegal trafficking in all kinds of wildlife, customs can significantly disrupt pollution-related crime and protect the environment.

**15. LIFE ON LAND**

**16. PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS**
Customs often leads the way for development of strong government institutions, while at the same time securing the peace through its enforcement role to prevent smuggling of dangerous goods and weapons as well as bringing offenders to justice.

**17. PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS**
Customs contributes to a rule-based multilateral trade system through the application of international trade-related agreements and instruments and regularly cooperates with a wide range of other actors, both public and private sector, working towards economic growth.